

In this city yesterday with a social call, Mrs. Dix, at the home of J. Sergeant Cram, No. 3 East 35th street, and left here for Albany at the midnight train.

As to the proposition of arbitration, which had been suggested recently, the Governor restated his position through Major De Kay, his military secretary.

"If the leaders of the party, not members of the Legislature, representing all the factions concerned in the senatorial fight, should request me to act as arbitrator to break the deadlock, I would consider it," was the way Major De Kay explained the Governor's words on the arbitration question, but he was careful to add that no such proposition had been advanced so far.

Major De Kay announced for the Governor that Mr. Dix had neither seen nor talked to any politicians during the day, but as that was before the evening visit to Mr. Cram's, the secretary's words seemed to be free of any ambiguity.

SHEEHAN MEN ELATED

Say His Election Before End of Week Is Assured.

(By Telegram to The Tribune.) Albany, Jan. 22.—Whether or not Chairman Huppuch's declaration for William E. Sheehan and obedience to the caucus mandate represents the views of Governor C. B. Smith, as some here are inclined to believe, it will not produce any great quantity of party members. Supplemented by later developments, it may be the turning point in the Sheehan-Sheehan campaign. Indications to-night, though, are that it will not be sufficient without other things to swing the insurgents at whom it is aimed into line.

Peculiar interest is attached to Mr. Huppuch's statement, in view of the close personal and political relations between himself and Governor Dix. Frequently the state chairman has declined to discuss the senatorial situation in any of its phases, on the ground that he and the Governor were so close that anything he said would be interpreted as having the Governor's sanction and indicating his views. Everybody, therefore, is wondering whether this statement is subject to that interpretation.

Whether the relations have become sufficiently distant to permit the issuance of a statement which could not properly be taken to indicate the Governor's position, Sheehan men are greatly elated over this. They have been endeavoring for several days to get from Governor Dix some declaration on obedience to the caucus mandate. The Governor has declined to admit anything but hearsay acquaintance with caucus customs. Sheehan supporters, however, are saying that the Governor's statement is an endorsement of the caucus system, and that the Governor had made a statement himself. They declare that the election of Mr. Sheehan before the end of this week is assured now.

Insurgents Not Dismayed.

The Huppuch statement has not dismayed the faithful anti-Tammany insurgents in the least. As a matter of fact, the twenty-two who were in town to come to his house for a council of war. They talked it over, and decided that they had gone into the battle on principle, and this didn't change the situation any.

"I can't say that this makes any difference," said Senator Roosevelt, "Huppuch may be right or he may be wrong. He has the right when he comes down to discussing this caucus. We refused to go into the caucus because we felt that the result had been determined beforehand, and we couldn't stand for the thing which was to be handed out to us. Mr. Sheehan the individual may be all right. The best desired nominee of a caucus boss controlled is not all right. We are fighting that kind of a system, and when the caucus becomes merely a part of the system we don't mind it."

"Mr. Huppuch's statement won't make any change in my attitude. I am obeying the wishes of my constituents, and they have not changed in any degree. I don't think any of us will be affected by the statement. We went into the fight after much thought, and took a position after carefully considering the problem. It has been manifest that we had the approval of our constituents. We are on safe ground, therefore, in continuing as we have begun."

Senator Roosevelt said he probably would talk with Thomas Mott Osborne and other prominent Democrats. Mr. Osborne, who is the head and front of the campaign to make Edward M. Sheehan Governor, was inclined to be indignant at the view taken by Mr. Huppuch of the caucus obligations of legislators.

"Mr. Huppuch," said Mr. Osborne, "seems to have missed the great point of the matter, which is that the members of the Legislature should abide by the will of their constituents and not be coerced by caucus action. His view is inconsistent with the opinion expressed by Governor Dix, who advised the members of the Legislature to follow the dictates of their consciences and carry out the wishes of their constituents."

"Not an Open Caucus."

In answer to Chairman Huppuch's declaration that, should either of the two candidates voted for at the caucus have secured a majority of the votes, their followers would have insisted upon such a candidate's undivided support, Mr. Osborne said:

"If this had been an open caucus our position would have been different; but we do not consider that we are bound by the action of a caucus whose action was settled before it was held."

"One good thing about this contest," concluded Mr. Osborne, "is that it is bringing everybody out into the open."

Legislators and politicians began to flock back to town to-night after the week-end holiday and the latest news from the little group of houses which is under the arduous duty of electing a United States Senator. Most of the Tammany men seemed pretty cheerful. Evidently a good many had heard about the Huppuch statement before it was formally given out. They all seemed to think that it meant the end of the deadlock. The insurgents smiled grimly.

There is some speculation here to-night whether the election of William Barnes, Jr., as Republican state chairman will have any bearing on the result of the senatorial contest. Barnes in his newspaper has been printing editorials lamenting the fact that some of the Democrats bolted the caucus and thus violated his notion of the cardinal principle of party regularity. Rumors have been spread to the effect that if necessary the Republican vote would be forthcoming to elect Sheehan.

The Senate and Assembly party leaders have promised that every member of the Legislature, except two or three who have presented satisfactory excuses, will be required to attend to-morrow's session, and that if necessary a "dole call" will be ordered to compel their attendance.

COMMEMORATE "BLOODY SUNDAY."

The New York branch of the Russian Revolutionary Society commemorated "Bloody Sunday" yesterday. A number of the czar's army marched to the palace of the czar in St. Petersburg was fired on by the czar's guards, a number of the people being killed. The meeting yesterday was held in Clinton Hall, No. 13 Clinton street. The meeting was held in the afternoon. The meeting was held in the afternoon. The meeting was held in the afternoon.

A REBEL GUNBOAT SEIZED

The Tacoma Places a Force on Board Bonilla's Hornet.

CEIBA GREATLY EXCITED

Alleged Violation of Neutrality Laws Causes Action by the United States.

Ceiba, Honduras, Jan. 22.—(Via Wireless to New Orleans).—Great excitement was caused to-day when it became known that the United States cruiser Tacoma had arrested the revolutionary gunboat Hornet at Trujillo.

The Hornet is detained on instructions from Washington, because of alleged violation of the neutrality laws.

It is not known what effect the seizure of the Hornet will have on General Bonilla's operations. Reports have reached here that for more than a week he has been mobilizing troops at Nueva America, twenty-eight miles east of here, on the coast, preparatory to an attack on Ceiba.

Ceiba appears to have more generals, captains and other minor military officers than ordinary soldiers, and the government has had trouble in enlisting private soldiers who are loyal. Good trenches have been built on the outskirts of Ceiba, and the government officers express confidence in their ability to defend the town.

New Orleans, Jan. 22.—There is a wide divergence of opinion among Central Americans here as to the effect which the seizure of the revolutionary gunboat Hornet will have on the movement of Bonilla to regain the Presidency of Honduras. All admit that the action of Commander Davis of the Tacoma is a serious blow to the insurgents.

A close friend and adviser of Bonilla said to-night that while the seizure of the Hornet would interfere with his plans, nothing except the actual intervention of the United States could now prevent the defeat of the Davila administration.

"You will hear of the fall of Ceiba within the next two or three days," he said, "and war will rapidly be pushed into the interior."

A corporal and twelve marines from the United States cruiser Marietta are stationed in the railroad yards at Ceiba, with instructions to protect American life and property and to prevent any fighting within the town.

"That's only a handful of men," said the captain of the steamer Navigator, which arrived here to-night from Ceiba, "but it is a sufficient force to carry out Uncle Sam's orders."

It was reported to-night that Secret Service agents of the State Department have been here for several days, talking with members of the Hornet's crew, who returned to New Orleans last Monday from Ruatan. When the men came back here one of them said that they had taken an oath not to tell where the Hornet got the guns and ammunition which were put on board after she sailed from this port on December 22.

Washington, Jan. 22.—The report that the Hornet, General Bonilla's revolutionary gunboat, which has been promoting his cause along the coast of Honduras, had been boarded by a force from the American gunboat Tacoma was confirmed in a wireless dispatch received by the Navy Department to-day from Commander Cooper, of the United States steamship Marietta. The dispatch merely said that it had been found necessary to place a force on board in order to detain the Hornet, and added that details would be reported later.

The State Department is anxiously awaiting these details, in order to determine its future course of action.

The Attorney General is investigating the question whether or not the Hornet has violated the neutrality of the United States, and pending the result of that inquiry the State Department announced that the vessel would not be permitted to commit any actual hostile act against the government of Honduras.

The action of Commander Davis of the Tacoma in boarding the Hornet, it is assumed here, was based on an intention of the revolutionists to strike a telling blow against the coast of the little republic. The naval officers in Honduras waters had received considerable discretion in carrying out their instructions to prevent attacks by the Hornet.

The Hornet sailed from New Orleans ostensibly for Cape Gracias, on the northeastern coast of Nicaragua. It has not been established where the vessel received her guns, thus being converted into an instrument of war. After General Bonilla captured Ruatan Island, off the coast of Honduras, he appointed officials for the government of the island. Then, it is said, the Hornet was transferred from her owners to the insurgents for a consideration of \$1 and a mortgage on the vessel. The Hornet was immediately transferred from American to Honduran registry and raised papers were issued by the Bonilla appointees. The validity of those papers is one of the questions which are now being examined. Officials here generally regard them as irregular.

TO STUDY ENGLISH AT 32

Swede Wants to Master the Language and Become a Citizen of the U. S.

(By Telegram to The Tribune.) Worcester, Mass., Jan. 22.—Borg Erickson, a Swede, who has resided in this country for five years and who was eighty-two years old yesterday, has made up his mind to master the English language and become a naturalized citizen of the United States. He has four children, nineteen grandchildren and seven great-grandchildren, all living in or near Worcester. He attempted to come to the United States forty-five years ago, but missed the boat after waiting twenty-one miles to get to it. He is not proficient in English, but he started his assimilation in English, and his grandchildren yesterday by announcing that he intended to study until he could become a citizen.

BIG FIRE AT JACKSONVILLE

Two Clyde Line Piers and Warehouses on Waterfront Destroyed.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 22.—Fire originating in a wholesale paper warehouse to-day burned a large part of the waterfront and was not extinguished until the warehouse and stock of the Florida-Harris-Bullard Wholesale Grain Company and a long shed used by the Clyde Line for perishable freight, with the piers on which the buildings stood, were destroyed.

The total damage will not exceed \$300,000, partly insured. Five firemen were precipitated into the river when a burning pier collapsed, but were rescued, without injury.

FIGHTING WHITE PLAGUE

Lloyd-George's Plans for State Aid Against Consumption.

London, Jan. 22.—In a letter to Hall Caine, who has been advocating government measures with the object of stamping out consumption, principally through the state taking charge of all consumptives, David Lloyd-George, Chancellor of the Exchequer, makes the interesting announcement that he has already been considering the practicability of dealing with this problem in connection with his forthcoming scheme of invalidity insurance.

The Chancellor says that the chief difficulty is financial, and that it will be especially hard to estimate the maximum contribution which can be levied on workmen. However, he expresses himself as hopeful of doing something to arrest the terrible scourge, "whose vivid wheels are deeply marked on the face of Great Britain."

TEN CHINESE KILLED

British and German Forces Quell Rioting in Hankow.

Hankow, China, Jan. 22.—The death of a coolie who was found in a state of collapse by the British police resulted in serious disorders to-day. The Chinese suspected that the police had killed the coolie, and rioting began in several sections. British and German gunboats landed detachments, and fierce fighting followed, in which ten Chinese were killed. The Viceroy is sending native troops to restore order.

After the landing of the British and German marines volunteers were called out to defend the foreign community. Several foreigners were injured. The Chinese troops are in control of the situation to-night.

Hankow is a treaty port of China in the province of Hu-Peh, on the Yang-tze-Kiang. It is one of the largest cities of the empire, with a population of 300,000. Many foreign merchants reside in Hankow.

U. S. OFFERS INTERVENTION

Conflict Between Hayti and Santo Domingo May Be Averted.

Washington, Jan. 22.—In response to the request of Hayti, the American government has formally tendered its good offices to both Hayti and Santo Domingo in a friendly effort to bring about a settlement of the territorial dispute which is seriously threatening the peace of the two countries. Secretary Knox has sent telegrams to the American ministers at Port-au-Prince and Santo Domingo City, directing them to inform the respective governments to which they are accredited that the United States stands ready to intervene in the controversy.

The action of the American government was taken at the instance of President Simon of Hayti. American Minister Furness, at Port-au-Prince, telegraphed the State Department yesterday that the Haytian President had requested the intervention of the United States, in order that the two republics might not be plunged into a civil war. Mr. Furness also telegraphed that the Haytian President had requested the request to the United States.

Official advices received here indicate that the situation is extremely serious. While both countries have taken a definite stand from which neither will recede, it is believed here that they are both seriously anxious to avoid war. This belief on the part of officials has given rise to the opinion that the offer of the United States will not be declined.

Based on his statement upon the reports he has received from his government, Minister Sannon to-day declared that the differences would be settled without conflict. He said he had received a telegram from his government to-day to the effect that all outstanding questions between the two republics would be cleared away by arbitration.

A PRINCE LOSES HIS CLOTHES

Kaiser's Friend, Separated from Valet, Shivers in Railway Station.

Berlin, Jan. 16.—The Prince Furstenberg, the Emperor's most intimate friend, passed a sorry quarter of an hour at a railroad station on his way recently to attend the funeral of Prince Hohenzollern at Stettin. He had left Berlin in a sleeping car, with the valet went to the next car with the prince's clothes and shoes. These he brushed and prepared for his master, whom he had been ordered to awaken at Kanderin early in the morning, where a change of trains to a branch line had to be made.

When the train arrived at Breslau the number of passengers had become so great that the officials decided to divide the train into two parts. This was done without the knowledge of the valet or the prince, and it happened that the train was uncoupled just between the cars containing the prince and his servant.

On arriving at Kanderin the conductor awakened the prince, who arose and inquired for his valet. The man, however, was not to be found. He had been left behind in the second half of the train, together with his master's clothes. The prince had to hire a blanket from a sleeping car porter and make a dash for the waiting room, where he sat shivering and barefooted in 15 degrees of frost until the arrival of the second section of the train.

MOVE AGAINST SOCIALISTS

Japan Said to Be Preparing to Suppress All Organizations.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 22.—As a result of the conviction of Benito Kotoke and his followers, recently received by death, Japanese newspapers are publishing a movement against socialism has been ordered by the government. Roids are to be made against socialists throughout Japan.

A 40,000-TON BATTLESHIP

Part of Japan's Naval Plans—To Fortify Chen-Hai Bay.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 22.—A 40,000-ton battleship is to be laid down soon at Yokohama by the Japanese navy, according to advices reaching here to-day. The new battleship will be armed with at least four 12-inch guns.

"The Official Gazette" says that Chen-Hai Bay has been added to the naval ports of Japan. Several million dollars will be expended in fortifications.

PLAGUE SPREADS IN PEKING.

London, Jan. 22.—A dispatch from Peking says that because of the spread of the plague the diplomatic body has closed the legation quarter. The Chinese officials, it is expected, will close the European quarter to-morrow.

TRAINING SHIP REACHES PORT.

Sydney, N. S. W., Jan. 22.—The White Star Line training ship Mercy, which left Melbourne on January 19, and for which some uneasiness was felt, arrived here to-day. The Mercy had encountered a storm, but was not damaged, having been sheltered by the islands in Bass Strait.

HASKELL BUYS A PAPER.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 22.—Ex-Governor Charles N. Haskell and W. B. Anthony, Democratic House leader in the Legislature, bought "The Albany Herald-Democrat," a daily and weekly newspaper, yesterday.

A HARD ACTION IN MEXICO

Heavy Losses Reported in Several Days of Fighting.

FEDERAL FORCE BEATEN

Twenty-five Soldiers Killed by Insurgents Not Far from Ojinaga.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 22.—Heavy fighting has been going on since Thursday near Guadalupe, 115 miles east of Casas Grandes, according to a report brought here by passengers arriving from the South, who say that news of serious losses on both sides has reached the railroad. Federal troops left Casas Grandes last Sunday for Guadalupe, where they met a large body of insurgents. The federals have both rapid fire and field guns. From the meagre details received here it appears that the government forces have suffered defeat.

A dispatch to "The Times" from Marfa, Tex., says that Tuesday in a fight with the federal troops, a town inland from insurgents at Ojinaga, the action has just reached the border by messenger. The rebel loss was placed at two killed. It is asserted that the federals were led into an ambush by treacherous guides.

GREEKS ON CRETE'S SIDE

Protest Against Handing Island Over to Turkey.

More than a thousand Greeks assembled in Webster Hall, East 13th street, yesterday to protest against the reported coming action of the powers in handing over to Turkey the control of the island of Crete. Most of the speeches were in Greek, but the principal speaker of the afternoon was Professor M. Ion, of Boston University, who spoke in English. He said that the meeting was not for the purpose of making any attack on the Ottoman government, but merely to remind the powers that while Crete is a part of the Ottoman empire, the Creteans being by race and language a part of the old Grecian unity.

The pledge made to the Creteans at the time of the conference was that the representatives of the powers would see to it that, while Crete would be held under suzerainty rights by Turkey, the Creteans would not be obliged to recognize the Turkish Sultan as their sovereign. Later the representatives of the powers promised that to prevent Crete from falling into the hands of Turkey, the Creteans being by race and language a part of the old Grecian unity.

There would be no trouble in the island, said Professor Ion, if the powers did not attempt to coerce the Creteans, but in case such coercion was attempted Turkey would find another revolution on its hands. It had cost millions of dollars to try to subdue Crete, and it would cost many more millions to the Turkish government if another attempt at subjugation were made.

TO SELL MRS. EDDY'S HOME

Scientists Will Try to Preserve Pleasant View as a Shrine.

(By Telegram to The Tribune.) Boston, Jan. 22.—The announcement that Henry M. Baker, of Rox, N. H., a relative of the late Mary Baker Eddy and executor of her estate, is to sell her famous home, Pleasant View, in Concord, N. H., has created great anxiety among the faithful students in Boston, who look upon the house as a sort of shrine. Every effort is being made by them to prevent its sale, and already there are a number of quiet seekers to collect sufficient funds to buy the home and make it literally a shrine of Christian Science students.

The cash value of Pleasant View is not large; probably not more than \$15,000. It would be needed to purchase the house and extensive grounds; but the home still contains some priceless relics and personal belongings of the founder of Christian Science, including the golden scroll used at the dedication of the Mother Church; Mrs. Eddy's original writing desk, upon which she first began to write "Science and Health," and many pictures and papers of the early period when the founder was beginning to reap the fruits of her labors.

MADE HIMSELF A PRISONER

Police Free Old Brooklynite, Who Will Sleep Home Hereafter.

There was a rapping and a tapping all right, and the face that was glued to the glass was quite as pallid as that of the lust of Dallas. Patrolman William G. Brennan, of the Adams street station, who knows his "Bavon," was astonished. He was passing No. 49 Fulton street, Brooklyn, the heart of the shopping district, when he heard the tapping, and went to the door. An old man, white of beard and hair, gestured frantically and tried to shout something Brennan couldn't understand. Finally Brennan slipped on his matches under the door. The old man lit and scrawled the name "James E. Murray, sr., No. 63 Clermont avenue."

Brennan read the slip, then telephoned to his station. The Adams street station, the Clermont station and the Fulton street station, all of the imprisoned man, telephoned his brother-in-law, James E. Wilson, who lives nearer the store than does the younger Murray. Mr. Wilson hastened to Fulton street, where he found a large crowd ready with advice and proffering all kinds of keys. The younger Murray finally arrived with a key to the store. The man made showed relief and joy when he saw his brother, but still he couldn't get out, for he had slipped the catch on the inside and didn't know how to release it. The son shouted, the father yelled, braces and restraints were sought. Finally the door was forced.

The old man explained that after leaving church in the morning he had gone to his son's place of business to have a nap. He had asked a photographer in the place to wake him at 6 o'clock, but the photographer forgot. Mr. Murray said that before he would do all his sleeping in his home.

COLDER WEATHER COMING

Fall in Temperature Predicted for the Latter Part of Week.

Washington, Jan. 22.—The general pressure distribution over the North American continent and adjacent oceans is such as to indicate that temperatures during the coming week will average near or above the normal in practically all districts, preceded, however, by moderately low temperatures the first part of the week in the Eastern and Southern states, according to the Weather Bureau's prognostication to-day.

A change to colder weather will overtake the Northwestern states the latter part of the week. The principal disturbance of the week will appear on the Pacific coast on Tuesday or Wednesday, cross the Middle West on Thursday or Friday and the Eastern states the last of the week. This disturbance will be preceded by rising temperature and accompanied by general precipitation.

FOUR DEAD IN FLAMES

Father Loses Life While Vainly Trying to Rescue Three Children.

(By Telegram to The Tribune.) Albert Lea, Minn., Jan. 22.—The fire which destroyed the Jensen residence at Riceville, eleven miles from here, early today. The father unsuccessfully attempted to rescue the children.

Mrs. Jensen, carrying a baby in her arms, escaped the flames, as did Esther and Albert Jensen, the former, however, being severely hurt. The three children who perished slept in one bed, and must have died where they slept.

The fire is believed to have been started through the use of gasoline in the stove.

CLUB TO GIVE ENTERTAINMENT.

The annual entertainment and reception of the North Side Republican Club will take place on Tuesday evening, February 7, at 17th street. The third avenue and 17th street. The leader of the club is William H. Ten Eyck.

STUDENT WAITERS WIN

Strike at Dartmouth Results in Higher Wages.

(By Telegram to The Tribune.) Hanover, N. H., Jan. 22.—The student waiters of Dartmouth Commons, as a result of a strike last week, will in the future receive 20 cents an hour, instead of 17, the standard price for many years. In the petition the students asserted that the price of food at the Commons had risen in the last three years from 25 to 100 per cent, and during that time the wages of the student waiters had remained unchanged.

They said that less than 10 per cent of them were earning their board, and asked that conditions be investigated. The increase is the result.

CARS SINK OFF HELL GATE

Float Hits Submerged Rock and Tug Proves Powerless.

Pierced by a submerged rock while being towed through Hell Gate yesterday afternoon, a car float of the Bush Terminal Company sank off East 91st street and sent seven loaded freight cars hurdling over her bow to the bottom of the river.

The tug Beatrice Bush was towing the float from the docks in Brooklyn to Mott Haven. The crew tried to warp the float into shoal water when it was found to be leaking, but the swift currents prevented their doing so. The freight cars were loaded with automobile parts.

There were two men on the float, the master and a deck hand. A police launch from Harbor B remained near the sinking float ready to render quick aid in case the crew failed to escape, but the services of the officers were not needed.

The Merritt-Chapman people worked until midnight to raise the float and cars, and will renew their attempt this morning.

BIG GIFT FOR MEMORIAL

George Washington Association Gets \$100,000 Contribution.

The ultimate purpose of the George Washington Memorial Association was advanced materially yesterday when \$100,000 was given by a well known New York financier. This gift practically makes sure the collection of a total of \$500,000, which the association has set itself to bring together before a site for the memorial is decided upon. The contributor of this \$100,000 prefers for the present not to disclose his name.

The purpose of this association is to erect a building to be known as the George Washington Memorial Building, in commemoration of our first President and his interest in higher education in America. This building is to be of practical in plan and construction, and for various national organizations. It is proposed to raise \$2,000,000 for the building, and an additional \$500,000 as an endowment for maintenance in order that conventions and societies may use the building without charge for rental.

Of this total \$2,000,000 will be raised by popular subscription, in order that the memorial may be really a gift of the people, and the association is not encouraging further big individual contributions.

WAGE DECREASE PREDICTED

Must Come Unless Rates Are Raised, Say Railroad Men.

Worcester, Mass., Jan. 22.—Unless the railroads of the country charge higher rates for carrying freight the employees' wages will have to be cut, according to arguments put forth by speakers at a meeting of the New England members of the American Association held here to-day. The subject under discussion was "The Relation of Freight Rates to Employees' Wages."

"For twenty-five years," said P. H. Morrissey, president of the association, "the changes in class rates have been very slight, while the value of almost every commodity has increased. The railroads have found it necessary again and again to increase wages. Now they are making a moderate advance in some rates, but the advance is so small in comparison with the value of the commodities as to be almost impossible of computation by the ultimate consumer. If the railroads are not allowed to raise their freight rates it cannot but be felt in other ways."

"Other speakers were Peter O'Hearn, of Stamford, Conn., secretary of the Joint Committee of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and the Order of Railway Conductors, and F. J. Coyne, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Station Employees.

NEW CONSTITUTION RATIFIED

New Mexico's Electors Give It 18,000 Majority—Party Lines Obliterated.

Albuquerque, N. M., Jan. 22.—Almost complete returns from Saturday's election show the ratification of the constitution of New Mexico, as framed by the constitutional convention, by a majority of approximately 18,000.

The few remote precincts yet to be heard from will not change the result materially, though the majority may be increased. The feature of the election was the almost complete disappearance of party lines.

In Santa Fe County, almost evenly divided politically, the majority for the constitution was 2,300. In the solidly Democratic County of Chavez the majority for the constitution was 1,750, while in the equally solid Republican county of Valencia the constitution carried by 1,670.

About 26,000 votes were cast, there being 24,000 for and 16,000 against. The constitution got a majority in all but three of the twenty-six counties of New Mexico. The election passed off quietly.

MANAGER OF EXHIBITION ARRESTED

Charge of Disturbing the Peace.

Lawton, Okla., Jan. 22.—Roger Wilson, who paid \$25,000 for the exclusive rights to the Jeffries and Johnson fight pictures in Oklahoma, Kansas, Arkansas and Nebraska, to-night attempted to exhibit the pictures here. He was arrested on a charge of disturbing the peace. A large crowd had paid to see the pictures took back their admission money and went home.

HORSE DIES IN JERSEY BOG.

A horse and carriage, the property of William Peters, of No. 23 Boyd avenue, Jersey City, disappeared from the corner of West Side and Boyd avenues, Jersey City, on Saturday night. The horse was found early yesterday morning in the swamp at Communipaw and Marcy avenues. The horse and driver were in the mud so deep that it was suffocated.

FIGHT PICTURES SHOW CLOSED

Manager of Exhibition Arrested on Charge of Disturbing the Peace.

Lawton, Okla., Jan. 22.—Roger Wilson, who paid \$25,000 for the exclusive rights to the Jeffries and Johnson fight pictures in Oklahoma, Kansas, Arkansas and Nebraska, to-night attempted to exhibit the pictures here. He was arrested on a charge of disturbing the peace. A large crowd had paid to see the pictures took back their admission money and went home.

CLUB TO GIVE ENTERTAINMENT.

The annual entertainment and reception of the North Side Republican Club will take place on Tuesday evening, February 7, at 17th street. The third avenue and 17th street. The leader of the club is William H. Ten Eyck.

PEDLER ASSAULTS SCHIFF

Yells Abuse at Banker Passing By, and Is Locked Up.

There was a great crowd in front of the doors of the Educational Alliance yesterday afternoon when Jacob H. Schiff drove up to the curb in an automobile. Massed in the throng were not only the peaceable people of the East Side, but some of the more inflamed heads, including those with anarchistic tendencies. Among these was Samuel Lifter, fifty-one years old, a pedler who gave his home as No. 55 East 7th street. Mr. Schiff had just stepped from his motor car when Lifter suddenly launched a tirade against him.

"He's no right to have money," the pedler yelled, "it should not all be for the rich."

There was more along the same line, addressed not only to Mr. Schiff, but to the crowd. The banker took no notice of the pedler and walked calmly into the building where the annual meeting of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society was to be held in a short time. Lifter, having a good start, kept right along with his fiery talk until a patrolman came along and took him to the Madison street police station.

Early in October Anna Volinsky, formerly an employee of the Montefiore Home, was arrested at the instance of Mr. Schiff. She had charged there was a conspiracy against her by removing her from the home and attacking her character, and that Mr. Schiff was in the plot against her. There was a hearing to determine her sanity, and as a result she was pronounced a paranoiac, and later was sent to the Manhattan State Hospital for the Insane on Ward's Island. On January 2 she committed suicide by hanging herself from a peg in a closet.